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NEWS NOTES FROM THE ANCIENT CAPITAL

LAHAINA, Maui, November 7.—A heavy trade wind made the dust very active in Lahaina from Thursday night till Saturday morning. Scarcely any damage has been done.

Rev. R. B. Dodge, of Wailuku, and Rev. E. B. Turner, of Paia, were in Lahaina on Thursday. Both gentlemen visited the Lahaina school.

Four of the Molokai teachers have been in Lahaina visiting the public school and attending the Lahaina teachers' monthly meeting.

The teachers of Lahaina district and Molokai held a very successful meeting at Lahainaluna on Friday afternoon. Mrs. MacDonald and Inspector Wells read papers on the importance of teaching English well and on methods of teaching it. Miss Kront, who is visiting Mrs. MacDonald, kindly gave a free lecture before the teachers on the Boxers of China.

The Rev. D. W. K. White, who is an expert builder of houses, as well as a fine builder of religious and moral character, is renovating the Nowlen cottage for Mr. and Mrs. Burnham.

The Mr. Paschall, a young man from the State University, Raleigh, N. C., has arrived at Lahainaluna to take charge of one of the industrial departments of teaching. This school has now an excellent staff of teachers and perhaps the best class of students attending any school of the Islands. The young men go there to work and having fine buildings, shops, tools, gardens, etc., they make the most of the time. The boys are always engaged so that there is no time for anything but improvement.

BORN.

LINDSAY—In Paia, Maui, October 29, to the wife of George R. Lindsay, a son.

RICHARDS—In Honolulu, November 6, 1908, to Mr. and Mrs. Theodore Richards, a daughter.

GOMES—In this city, November 8, 1908, to the wife of Manuel L. Gomes, a daughter.

DIED.

DILLON—In Honolulu, November 8, Nicholas Henry, son of P. F. and Eleanor Dillon, aged 33, a native of San Francisco.

Funeral will take place this afternoon at three o'clock from the residence of the parents, corner of Nuuanu avenue and Vineyard street, thence to the Roman Catholic cathedral, where services will be held. Interment at the Nuuanu cemetery.

San Francisco papers please copy.

SCHAEFER—In this city, November 9, 1908, Ida, beloved mother of Mrs. Wm. P. Bov. W. H. Thorne, Kate, John and William Schaefer, Hans and August Starkloff, a native of Germany, aged 64 years.

Funeral from the undertaking parlors of H. H. Williams this (Tuesday) afternoon. Interment Pearl City.

## MARINE REPORT.

(From San Francisco Merchants Exchange.)

Friday, November 6.

San Francisco—Arrived, Nov. 6, S. S. Texan, from Seattle; Nov. 6, S. S. m., S. S. Hongkong Maru, hence Oct. 31. Sailed, Nov. 6, bk. Annie Johnson, for Hilo; bk. Andrew Welch, for Honolulu.

Yokohama—Arrived, Nov. 6, S. S. America Maru, hence Oct. 26.

Memo.—Brit. S. S. Bessie Dollar passed the port this 5:45 a. m., from Puget Sound for Newcastle, reported "All well."

Monday, November 9, 1908.

San Francisco—Sailed, November 8, S. S. Arizona, for Seattle; S. S. Texan, for Honolulu. Arrived, November 9, S. S. Enterprise, for Hilo; November 9, S. S. Arabia, hence October 30.

Grays Harbor—Arrived, November 8, s.s. Robert Lewers, hence October 20, Portland, Oregon—Arrived, November 8, Fr. ship Marechal de Noailles, hence October 3.

Salina Cruz—Sailed, A. H. S. S. Columbian, for San Francisco, Nov. 7.

PORT OF HONOLULU.

ARRIVED.

Friday, November 6.

U. S. S. Charleston, Knapp, from Bremerton, 10 a. m.

Saturday, November 7.

Str. Mauna Kea, Freeman, from Hilo, 8 a. m.

P. M. S. S. Asia, Gaukroger, from Yokohama, 10 a. m.

Sunday, November 8.

Str. Mikahala, from Molokai and Maui ports, 5:07 a. m.

Str. W. G. Hall, Thompson, from Kauai ports, a. m.

DEPARTED.

Str. Claudine, Bennett, for Lahaina and Hilo, 5 p. m.

A. H. S. S. Mexican, Tapley, for Maui and Hilo, 5:30 p. m.

P. M. S. S. Asia, Gaukroger, for San Francisco, 5:40 p. m.

PASSENGERS.

Arrived.

Per str. Mauna Kea, from Hilo, Nov. 7.—Miss A. L. Hiu, R. A. Penny, Mrs. Penny, J. A. Johnson, Mrs. Johnson, R. Kotinsky, M. Harris, J. S. McAvany, Mrs. McAvany, J. R. Kinney, Rev. W. D. Westervelt, Mrs. Westervelt, Master A. Westervelt, J. McKenzie, J. Henderson, G. Lillis, Miss E. Mainise, M. J. Lindsay, Mrs. Lindsay, Master C. Nannhoe, Mrs. M. Nannhoe, George P. Castle, Mrs. G. P. Castle, James B. Castle, Mrs. J. B. Castle, C. C. Kennedy, Mrs. Kennedy, R. J. Buckley, J. M. Ross, Mrs. Ross, N. H. C. Campbell, D. Pullar, C. B. Pullar, Master L. Johnson, Dr. C. B. Wood, C. P. Merrill, Mrs. Merrill, Master M. Heminger, Dr. Machida, A. Lidgate, John Hind, Mrs. Hind, Robert Hall, Atkins Wight, Mrs. J. F. Woods, Miss H. Koo, F. A. Hollobush, Miss E. Hall, Mrs. Taylor, George Wall, G. D. Mahone, Mrs. M. Campbell, Mrs. Saffery, C. Wideman, Mrs. Wideman, Master P. Wideman, Miss F. Clinton, Mrs. M. Robello, J. S. Robello, M. S. Robello, J. S. Bubb, A. B. Lindsay, R. S. Ginderman, M. Coderio, Mrs. Coderio, D. H. Case, W. T. Robinson, Miss L. Paty, Mrs. E. H. Paris, H. A. Baldwin, H. P. Baldwin, S. M. Kanakani, E. C. Miller, Eos Vincent, H. Pocke, J. F. Hackfeld, Miss E. Gibb, Mrs. George Gibb, R. C. Seale, L. Childs, W. Green, George Horner, S. Nakamura, Mrs. Nakamura.

Per P. M. S. S. Asia, from Yokohama, Nov. 7.—For Honolulu: Miss L. Wight, Miss Ella Wight, Y. Sawa, Miss Leslie Wight, George F. Rickitt, Mr. and Mrs. W. Cameron, Lady Garrick, Miss Garrick. For San Francisco: George A. Fischer, R. A. Blair, P. J. Lynch, Christopher Shaw, Dr. S. O. Neherton, M. S. Dudley, H. C. Ehrenfeld, Dr. R. H. Bigler, F. C. Drewitt, R. Drummond, A. F. Hellyer, Miss Millicent Holland, A. M. Dufresne, L. P. Pye, David Paul, Mrs. George A. Fischer, Mrs. R. A. Blair and two children, Mrs. P. J. Lynch and child, Mrs. Christopher Shaw, F. Colley, R. H. Mein, A. G. Kaufmann, Miss Wai Tsan Wu, Mrs. F. C. Drewitt, Mrs. R. Drummond, Mrs. A. F. Hellyer, two children and ayah; Miss K. A. Gibbons, Mrs. A. M. Dufresne, Mrs. C. R. Hare.

Departed.

Per str. Claudine, for Maui, Nov. 6.—C. O. Hottel, P. G. Hottel, Mrs. Penhallow and two children, A. Geisicke, C. D. McEachern, Mrs. J. Averiro and child, E. P. Chauvin.

Monday, November 8.

Str. Iwawani, Self, for Mahukona, Honokaa and Kukuhaele 5 p. m.

Str. Nonaui, for Kauai ports, 5 p. m.

GUARDIANSHIP FOR THE ISENBERG HEIRS

Edward E. Duisenberg yesterday petitioned the Circuit Court to appoint him and his sister, Virginia R. Isenberg, guardians of the persons and estate of his nephews, Rudolf Alexander Isenberg and Alexander Hackfeld Isenberg, the sons of the late H. A. Isenberg. It is stated that the minors' permanent residence is Honolulu, but that they are temporarily residing in Berkeley. The property needing the appointment of a guardian is thus described:

"Subject to the dower interest of Virginia R. Isenberg, their mother, and to the payment of legacies amounting to seven thousand dollars, the minors are entitled to the whole of the estate and effects of which Henry Alexander Isenberg, late of Honolulu aforesaid, deceased, their deceased father, was entitled, all of which, except only part of his interest under the will of Paul Isenberg, late of Honolulu aforesaid, deceased, is situated in the Territory of Hawaii."

Accounts Filed.

Wade Warren Thayer has filed his final accounts as administrator of the estate of Haneakauli Holt. He charges himself with receipts of \$1909.25, and asks to be allowed expenditures of \$1537.17.

## PLANTERS' ASSOCIATION

(Continued from Page One.)

In sight to cause serious apprehension, although as planters, we are not disposed to minimize our responsibilities, nor to underrate the manifold contingencies which our industry is subject to. These are best shared and overcome by cooperative work, and the annual meeting of the members of the Hawaiian Sugar Planters' Association is one of the essential means of furthering this object by mutual discussion and exchange of opinions, and last, but not least, by social intercourse and good fellowship. All of this I trust will make this annual meeting productive of much practical good to our industry, and also be socially a success to be pleasantly remembered by its participants.

Yours very truly,

F. A. SCHAEFER,

President, Hawaiian Sugar Planters' Association.

Reelection of Directors.

The president's report was listened to with close attention and was received with sustained applause, at the conclusion of which the president called for nominations for members of the board of directors to be elected.

On motion of E. H. Wodehouse the former board of directors was reelected, the secretary casting the ballot. These directors are F. A. Schaefer, H. P. Baldwin, P. M. Swamy, W. G. Irwin, J. P. Hackfeld, E. D. Tenney, E. Faxon Bishop, S. M. Damon and W. O. Smith.

Afternoon Session.

There was even a larger attendance of members in the afternoon when the session was resumed, the first business of the meeting being the presentation of an important paper by H. P. Baldwin. Mr. Baldwin in his paper discussed various problems which confront the managers of Hawaiian plantations, dealing particularly with the question of stripping cane or burning.

A discussion among the members followed the reading of this paper, which was one of extreme practical interest. Dr. Perkins, Director of the Division of Entomology of the experiment station, stated in the discussion that the burning off of the cane in place of stripping destroyed many borers, as was also the case with the trash burning. Stripping did not afford this benefit, as the borers sheltered themselves in the top leaves left by the strippers.

Experiment Station Committee Report.

J. P. Cooke, chairman of the committee in charge of the experiment station, presented a lengthy and interesting report on the work of the committee during the year, the report dealing with all the various departments of the station. That portion dealing with the work in the division of entomology was of especial interest.

"The economic work of this division for the past period has continued on lines similar to those laid out by the present directors in 1903—that is, controlling, by means of their natural enemies, insects which are injurious to sugar cane," said the report.

"Previous reports have dealt so thoroughly with the successful entomological campaign which has been carried on against the attacks of the cane leaf-hopper, and the bulletins issued by the division during the past two years or more have given such technical and elaborate details as regards its natural insect-enemies, which have been introduced and established by our entomologists in the cane fields, that it seems merely necessary at this time for your committee to give but passing notice to this particular subject. All are familiar with the conditions which universally existed in the cane fields of these islands two or more years ago, as well as with the losses which were sustained during the period that the leaf-hopper pest was in absolute control. You also appreciate the difference in these conditions since the introduction of natural enemies to this pest have been thoroughly and systematically established on all our plantations. Realizing these facts, as you undoubtedly do, it is safe to say that the few thousands of dollars contributed towards the search and successful establishment of natural enemies to the hopper and the corresponding control up to this time of the latter have been well invested, and that the results have been more than gratifying. We must not, however, rest solely upon what has already been accomplished, but, as a precautionary measure, special attention must be continued by managers in the future as in the past as regards the systematic distribution of cages of leaf-hopper parasites in fields of young cane, as periodical attacks of the hopper are otherwise liable to occur. There is little danger, however, of further trouble from the hopper if proper care is exercised, as the conditions which produce such periodical attacks are now pretty well understood by the majority of managers.

"When your committee submitted its last annual report the work of the Division in connection with the sugar cane borer was practically in its initial stage. At that time Mr. Muir, who had been selected and sent to the Archipelago in addition to such predaceous and parasitic enemies as attacked it there, had had but little opportunity for effective research work. The report further stated that owing to the long distances and changes of climate between the Malay and Hawaii, a half-way station would of necessity have to be established in order to successfully introduce such predators or parasites as Mr. Muir might discover and deem desirable to send. This half-way station was established at Hongkong last April in charge of Mr. Terry of the Division. The Director of the Division in his present annual report is now enabled to record the fact that predaceous beetles feeding on the larvae of cane-borers have not only been discovered by Mr. Muir, but have been successfully shipped by that entomologist, through

the half-way station, and have been received here in Honolulu in good condition. Certain of these predators, the Director further notes, have been distributed in cane-fields in certain districts where the cane borer was abundant and where the predators in question may eventually become established. The Director also records the discovery, by Mr. Muir, of a parasite fly on the larvae of borer in the Moluccas. This latter insect, however, has not been successfully bred for shipment as yet, for reasons which are mentioned in the Director's report. As a detailed account of the work done in connection with cane-borer and its natural enemies is given in the Director's annual report (See Appendix II, page 27), it appears quite unnecessary for your committee to go into further details as to this particular matter. It may be added, however, that it has been deemed very desirable to have Mr. Muir return to the Moluccas and there continue his research work and if possible, secure further details as to the life history of the parasite in question, as well as perhaps discover others, so that the undertaking may, if possible, ultimately meet with success. In that connection, therefore, your committee has to report that instructions to the above-mentioned have been eabled to Mr. Muir at Hongkong. Further instructions have also been sent to abandon temporarily the half-way station at Hongkong, at least until such time as the Director may receive assurances that that establishment is again necessary, it being practically useless to maintain it as long as Mr. Muir is away from all civilization and steamship connection. In the meantime the Division will keep under observation such cane fields in the several districts of these islands in which the predaceous beetles above referred to have been liberated. It should be particularly noted that the Director has called attention to the fact that even should these predaceous insects become established, they are more liable to suffer from the periodical burning of the trash in the cane fields than would be suffered by any parasite. In connection with the work done by Mr. Muir in the Malay Archipelago, your committee might state, as a matter of information, that the lack of a reliable mail service, together with interrupted and infrequent shipping facilities, throughout the Dutch Indies, has caused the Division, and Mr. Muir in particular, much annoyance and anxiety, and has to some extent hampered the work. Letters which have been mailed to the Director via Hongkong (the nearest and safest route) have frequently come via India, London and New York, taking twice the time to get here. In some instances packages, as well as letters, even when registered, have gone astray, apparently through the negligence of the postal authorities in the Dutch Indies, through whom all Mr. Muir's mail and other matter has to be handled prior to its arrival at Hongkong or other central shipping ports. This quite important matter has already been made the subject of correspondence with the authorities in the Postal Union, and further complaints will shortly be made by your committee with a view to having all such mail matter if possible reach its destination quickly and safely. The assistance and courtesies rendered to the Division generally, and to Mr. Muir in particular, by the respective U. S. Consuls at Batavia and Hongkong, in connection with mail matter, has been much appreciated. The same may be said of the General Agent of the Pacific Mail Steamship Company at Hongkong, as regards courtesies rendered in the matter of insect shipments to Honolulu. The Agricultural Institute at Hongkong through its officials has also rendered every possible facility to both Messrs. Terry and Muir during the period these gentlemen have had the use of its laboratory, and has also extended other courtesies which have been much appreciated by your committee.

"Last April arrangements were made through the Director to have Mr. Koebel visit parts of Europe in search of natural enemies of the horn-fly. Mr. Koebel began his investigations in this connection about June last, the expenses of which are to some extent being contributed to by the Territorial Board of Agriculture and the Live Stock Breeders' Association. This special work has been mentioned by the Director in his report, to which reference can be made for further details.

"Through the death of Mr. Alexander Crow, which occurred in June last, the Association and Experiment Station have sustained a serious loss. The late Mr. Crow, as you all know, was attached to the staff of the Entomological Division as a consulting entomologist, his special duties, however, being as Quarantine Plant Inspector under the auspices of the Territorial Board of Agriculture. During his four years faithful service in that important official capacity the work superintended by him has been of paramount importance, not only to the sugar planters, but also to the agricultural interests at large. Among his numerous duties as Plant Inspector he particularly safeguarded the interests of the planters as to unnecessary importations of sugar cane cuttings coming from other sugarcane-growing countries. Many such importations were necessarily destroyed by him which contained injurious insects and other pests, which, if established here, would, in time, have undoubtedly caused serious loss to sugar plantations. Aside from his official duties, wherein he displayed much efficiency as well as extraordinary tact and judgment, the late Mr. Crow was much respected by all who came in contact with him, and his loss as an entomologist and as the official Quarantine Plant Inspector is in very many respects irreplaceable."

Year's Work in Agriculture.

Acting Director Noel Deor, of the Division of Agriculture and Chemistry, presented a report showing the great amount of work done in his department during the year and the substantial and direct benefit it had been to the planters. Statistics of work done showed that 1662 analyses of fertilizers, soils, sugars and mill by-products had been made for various plantations, while as a result of the analyses of imported fertilizers a saving to the plantations of \$4546.59 had been made during the twelve months.

Weekly mill reports from twenty-nine plants had been checked and tabulated and circulated among the contributing mills, and tabulated reports on mill control work by the station chemists had been supplied the plantation agencies interested.

The results of experiments in fertilizing and stripping the shipments of new varieties of cane, hybridizations and

field work were given in a condensed form and a list of the new books in the station library was included.

Distribution of Friendly Parasites.

The report of the Director of the Division of Entomology was an interesting one, dealing with the work being done abroad by the traveling entomologists and the distribution in Hawaii of the parasites sent in for breeding. The report said of this last work:

"Colonies of one or more species of Hister, sent from the Malay Islands by Mr. Muir, have been liberated on some of the plantations on all the islands. These Histers are very long lived in their adult state, and as they have powerful wings (flying, no doubt, at night) they are liable to readily spread of their own accord when they become sufficiently numerous. They breed quite readily in captivity in cane attacked by borer, and seem very hardy. Though tenacious of life under most conditions they are very easily killed by exposure to dryness, when they are removed from the cane stalks.

"Cages containing parasites of leaf-hopper have been sent out from time to time to plantations, when they have been asked for. The distribution of the most important egg-parasites has long since become universal. The climatic conditions of the past season have, in my opinion, been very favorable for the increase of cane-hopper. In a few cases, in which I have no doubt, large numbers of leaf-hoppers have collected from over a wide area and invaded fields of young cane, they have done some damage locally, the eggs having been laid in great numbers and already hatched out when few natural enemies are in the field. Such cases, when they occur in the summer months, are dangerous, because the affected fields may supply the neighboring fields or plantations with a large crop of mature leaf-hoppers just at the time when the female hopper produces the greatest number of eggs most rapidly.

"As has been mentioned above, a few colonies of an ant-like parasite on leaf-hopper from Mexico have been already distributed, and the distribution will be continued. Three generations have now been raised from the solitary female which was bred from a cocoon sent over by Mr. Koebel. The distribution of cages of leaf-hopper parasites in new fields of cane should be kept up by the managers in the manner pursued in the past. As soon as any hoppers even though few, appear in a new field this distribution should be made, and on plantations, where hoppers flourish best, let the distribution be made whether hoppers are noticed or not. If many hoppers have migrated to a new field and laid many eggs the number of cages distributed should be more numerous. It is only in this way that we can hope to make up in some degree for a condition of affairs (I mean in the cultivation of cane fields) that does not exist in a state of nature. Even when everything possible is done to prevent loss, there will be times when some loss will occur, for seasons will come, which will favor an unusual increase of the leaf-hopper. For instance, a year or two ago, in Fiji, have been informed that the cane-hopper peculiar to those islands, usually no particular pest, became numerous to an extent never previously known, in spite of its natural enemies. The money that is now being spent to control the gipsy moth in the Eastern States is expended with the hope of producing the conditions that are found in Europe, whence this pest was introduced. In Europe, periodicality, as is well known, the gipsy moth occurs in such numbers as to be quite a bad pest, in spite of its numerous enemies. Yet these conditions would gladly be accepted in America, where this insect is not a periodical, but a continual and ever-spreading pest, for the control of which by artificial means vast sums of money have been spent in the past."

The Kohala Spider.

In the discussion which followed the reading of this report, Manager Renton asked for information incidental to the Kohala spider, which he was trying to acclimatize on the Ewa plantation, but which so far has refused to stay there. This spider, which is a valuable ally of the leaf-hopper parasite, is found at Kohala, Puuene and Hanalei.

H. P. Baldwin stated that he had had to introduce colonies of these spiders time and again into Makaweli before he succeeded in establishing them there.

Dr. Perkins advised Mr. Renton to try to again. He knew of no other way of introducing the spider into the Ewa district. These spiders are like other Hawaiian insects, peculiar in their habits and localized. The Kohala spider is found at Kanapala, for instance, but will not live at Lahaina.

Pathology and Physiology.

Director L. Lewton-Brain presented a highly technical report on the work of the division of pathology and physiology, dealing with various diseases to which cane is subject. One discovery of the year, to which the director attached special importance as being of practical as well as scientific significance, was that of identifying a root fungus, heretofore unidentified, as the Marasmius sacchari, which has been studied here as well as extensively elsewhere. This discovery, while not thoroughly settled, reduces the number of the soil fungi found on cane and necessary to be dealt with from four to three.

Stem and leaf diseases and the work of the division in connection with them are dealt with at length, also the results of experiments relating to floral bacteria, which point out the causes of the falling off in polarization in stored sugars.

The Dying Forests.

The report deals with the importance to Hawaii of work in connection with the root diseases that are killing off the forests on Maui, stating that the division was planning a thorough investigation into the matter in connection with the Board of Agriculture and Forestry.

This part of the report was accompanied by a photograph of a portion of the dead forest of Maui, a photograph to which H. P. Baldwin called the especial attention of the members.

"The picture of this forest, as given here, will be a good picture of the forests on the other islands unless we turn a few pathologists loose to do something for us," remarked the Maui manager, estate of Lee Seong, deceased, and the

Danville Attorney Lennach writes Deputy Whitney from Kauai that indictments against E. McCarrison, for embezzlement from the Maake Sugar Company, have been returned against Joe Ross and Manuel Agrella, for manslaughter; against Raymond Santiago, assault with a deadly weapon, and some others for minor offenses.

## A BROKEN-DOWN SYSTEM.

This is a condition (or disease) to which doctors give many names, but which few of them really understand. It is simply weakness—a breakdown, as it were, of the vital forces that sustain the system. No matter what may be its causes (for they are almost numberless), its symptoms are much the same: the more prominent being sleeplessness, sense of prostration or weariness, depression of spirits and want of energy for all the ordinary affairs of life. Now, what alone is absolutely essential in such cases is increased vitality—vigor.

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